Triennial POCT Blood Glucose Analyser (BGA) Operator Training & Certification

Practical Tips on Capillary Blood Glucose & QC Testing

Ms Loo Kit Man, NC (Diabetes), PWH Ms Theresa Yeung. ANC, M&T, PWH

NTEC Diabetes Nursing Service Sub-Committee May-June 2024





Run down (3pm to 4:30pm)

2:45pm to 3pm	Registration
3pm to 3:45 pm	Practical tips on capillary blood glucose & QC testing (Ms Loo Kit Man, NC of Diabetes, PWH)
3:45pm to 4:15pm	Nova StatStrip BGA Training (Ms Nette Ho, Bio-Asia) Contour Plus Elite BGA Training (Mr Ricky Wong, Ascensia)
4:15 to 4:20pm	Q&A
4:20 to 4:30pm	 On-site QC skill assessment > select the meter used the in the parent ward > pair up ⇒ perform one level (either hi- or lo level of QC) > Scan the QR code after completion of QC test > Fill in the evaluation survey (CNE pt: 1.5)

Content

- **>** BGA operator training & certifying procedure
- > Information about the new tendered BGAs
- Factors affecting the accuracy of capillary blood glucose testing and the preventive measures
- skills in the operation and performing internal quality control testing of the blood glucose analyzers with or without connectivity functions
- > Tips on performing capillary blood glucose measurements
- Alternate site method for glucose testing

NTEC POCT Coordinating Committee

Chairman

Michael Ho Ming CHAN Dr, NTEC CC(PATH)/PWHCP Cons(CP)

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- Mr Wai Keung Wong, (SO, Med, CP PWH)
- Ms Kit Man LOO (Nurse Consultant, M&T, PWH)
- Ms Theresa YEUNG (ANC, M&T PWH)
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- Ms Leung Wing Shan (APN, MED, AHNH)
- Ms Grace LIN (Nurse Consultant, MED, NDH)
- Ms Sau King Yeung (ANC, MED, NDH)

What is POCT?

bilirubin and urobilinogen.

Classification of Complexity of Testing for POCT/ Devices*

- Laboratory test performed outside Pathology Laboratories
- Performed by non-laboratory professionals

Complexity of Testing*	Level I	Level II		
Description	Low complexity of testing	Moderate to high complexity of testing		
Type of POCT/ Devices	 Glucometers, e.g. Bayer Contour[®] TS system, Roche Accu-Chek[®] Performa system. Haemoglobinometers, e.g. HemoCue[®] Haemoglobin system. Blood ketone 	All types of POCT/ devices NOT classified as Level I.		
POCT Operator Requirement	Well-trained hospital staff, including ancillary staff.	Well-trained professional staff (doctors, nurses, medical technologists, other specialists).		
Urine dipstick t consequence a that performan	ests which are simple to perform wi are exempted from compliancy to this ace of these tests should adhere	th little potential for adverse medica s Policy. However it should be note to the manufacturer's instructions		

 Factors considered include complexity of testing methodology, potential analytical interference, clinical importance, medical-legal implications, availability of positive patient identification, etc.



HA Point of Care testing Policy

- All BGA POCT operators must receive training, supported by written materials
- The competency of a trained staff shall be documented before s/he is allowed to operate the POCT device (maintain traceable record)
- ✓ POCT operators' certification should be revalidated at an interval of 3 yrs
- ✓ POCT committee organize triennial training for trainers
- ✓ BGA link nurse responsible for training in-house staff

BGA Operator (HCPs / non HCPs) Training and Certification every 3 years

BGA Operator / BGA Link Nurse	Date	Venue
1 Knowledge	13/5/2024	SH
Attend triannial training / study the on line educational materials	20/5/2024	PWH
Attenu thennial training / study the on-line educational materials	30/5/2024	PWH
 Video: POCT concepts (Dr Michael Chan) 	3/6/2024	PWH
Practical Tips on Capillary Blood Glucose & QC Testing (DM Nurse)	4/6/2024	AHNH
 BGA operation training not and video (BGA companies) 	5/6/2024	SH
• DGA operation training ppt and video (DGA companies)	12 /6/ 2024	NDH
•	18/6/2024	AHNH
2 Quiz @ iLearn	19/6/2024	NDH
HCP and non-HCP quiz (for PCAs)	Nursing teach	ing staff from
	- • CUHK*	
3. Internal QC test assessment (perform both if you have both BGAs in your	• HKMU*	
clinical area)	• TWC*	
Contour Plus / Elite BGA	HKU SPACE	E
assessed by the BGA link nurses	*Students will	receive nersona
NOVA Statstrip Glucose Connectivity Meter	NOVA Statstrij	o barcodes after
\pm assessed by the BGA link nurses	completion of	training and
captured by the central server	passed the ass	sessment

The role & responsibility of BGA link nurses

- Act as a resource person and ensure all in-house BGA operators are certified with record keeping
- Perform internal QC skills assessment for in-house staff
- monitor both internal and external QCs are done properly and regularly
- Register new BGAs if necessary on POCT web for external QC result reporting
- Keep internal QC record for BGAs without connectivity functions for 3 yrs (For Contour Plus / Elite users)



Please change a new form when changing a new BGA / control solution

Qualit	y Check Op	erator	Test	Strip	Acceptable Range			Strip Acceptable Range		ceptable Range		Connection
Date	Time	Initials	Expiry Date	Lot Number	Control Solution Hi mmol/L	Within Range (Y / N)	Control Solution Lo mmol/L	Within Range (Y / N)	Action(s) / Remarks			

BGA with Connectivity Functions



New BGA Contract



Content

- **BGA** operator training & certifying procedure
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Are these meters accurate?









BGA Accuracy standards (ISO: 15197:2013)

95% of blood glucose results should reach the following standards

glucose under 5.6 mmol/L - Within ± 0.83 mmol/L of laboratory results
 glucose 5.6 mmol/L or more - Within ± 15% of laboratory results



glucose measured by central lab is 10 mmol/L



The accuracy of both meters are acceptable

Meter A

Meter B

Factors for inaccurate blood glucose results happened at different phases with the use of POCT BGAs for blood glucose measurements Symposium

Point-of-Care Blood Glucose Testing for Diabetes Care in Hospitalized Patients: An Evidence-Based Review

Rajesh Rajendran, MBBS, AHEA, MRCP (UK)¹ and Gerry Rayman, MD, FRCP (UK)¹

Journal of Diabetes Science and Technology 2014, Vol. 8(6) 1081–1090 © 2014 Diabetes Technology Society Reprints and permissions: sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav DOI: 10.1177/1932296814538940 dst.sagepub.com



Preanalytical Factors (obtaining the sample)	Analytical Factors (performing the assay)	Postanalytical Factors (reporting the results)
46 to 68%	7 to 13%	18 to 47%

Preanalytical factors

Instrument / test strips

- Test strip expired?, deteriorated?, correct QC procedure?
- BGA No calibration?



> Operator (Inappropriate sampling technique/ wrong patient, blood sample contamination)

Analytical factors

BGA

- > Extreme physical environment (e.g., high altitude, humidity, heat, or cold)
- BGA blood glucose analysis method (e.g GDH-PQQ method BGA used in patients receiving treatment containing maltose falsely BS)

Nonstandard physiology of the patient

Extreme haematocrit level (too low or too high)	falsely ↓ BS or falsely ↑ BS				
Severe hypertriglyceridemia	falsely V BS				
Poor capillary perfusion such as hypotensive	finger tip glucose lower than venous or arterial samples				
Edematous patients / drip arm	falsely V BS as dilution of capillary sample				
Food residue on fingers containing glucose	falsely 🛧 BS				
Hyperoxia (falsely V BS), hypoxia (falsely 🛧 BS)					
Drugs interferences (such as ascorbic acid, acetam	inophen, or D-xylose)				
Uremia	falsely 🛧 BS				

Patient / operator factors –when obtaining a blood sampling







If the blood smears or runs, do not use as alcohol / sweat on the skin may cause underestimation of the blood glucose result.

Lancet used in NTEC

Preferred site for obtaining a CBG sample : The side of the finger, halfway between the nail and the pad of the finger (avoid the tip)	Lancet, 1.8mm x 28G (purple)	Lancet, 1.4mm x 23G (green)
FFF	Recommended to be used in most of the patients	For patients with very thick skin

Patient Factors (I)

Let's recap

If the **plasma** glucose conc. in all specimen tubes being the same, Plasma: - Water, proteins, nutrients, hormones, etc. Buffy coat: · - White blood cells. platelets Hematocrit: - Red blood cells Polycythemia: Normal Blood: Anemia: Elevated 37%-47% hematocrit Depressed Q hematocrit % hematocrit % 42%-52% hematocrit Low Haematocruit

then the whole blood glucose conc. in the right specimen tube will be about half of that in the middle specimen tube

Effect of Haematocrits on [Glucose]

1. Neonates

- > higher Hct → lower [glucose]
- 2. Patients with DKA / Hyperglycaemic hyperosmolar non-ketotic syndrome (HHNS)
 - > higher Hct → lower [glucose]



Polycythemia: Elevated hematocrit %

High Haematocruit

- 3. Patients with anaemia in general
 - > lower Hct → higher [glucose]

Anemia: Depressed hematocrit %

(3)

Effect on Haematocrit on glucose Hyperglycaemic hyperosmolar non-ketotic syndrome (HHNS)



*** This Laboratory is NATA & RCPA accredited ***

Let's recap



Laboratory Plasma Glucose Concentration (mmol/l)

Let's recap

Non-linear Reaction (IV)

This sample was analysed by a certified POCT User. This report is for documentation only. The POC glucose result cannot diagnose hypoglycaemia. Please send a sample to the laboratory for confirmation if the POC glucose is <3.0 or >20 mmol/l.

Post analytical factors

- Misreading of result display (operator's factor)
- Data entry error (operator's factor)

A POCT Incident:-

 4.1 mmol/L were charted on the CBG Record Form while 3.2 mmol/L were recorded in the CMS.

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BGA with connectivity functions : viewed CBG readings at ePR

PWH 02/12/14	Urine Cate	cholamines			and the second second		
PWH 25/11/14	CBC						
PIA/H 25/11/14	PT INP &	APTT					
Most recent from the left 🔳	Page 1 -	of 5 上			2	Return to list vi	iew
Hospital Code	PWH PWH		PWH	PWH	PWH	PWH	PWH
Collect Date	08/01/15 07:49	08/01/15 06:01	07/01/15 18:59	07/01/15 07:18	06/01/15 20:00	29/10/14 10:33	29/10/14 05:26
			and the second s				
Type, Specimen	CAP	CAP	CAP	CAP	CAP	CAP	CAP



CAP (capillary)

Sample Type

				mmo1/1
05-Mar-2017 05-Mar-2017 05-Mar-2017 05-Mar-2017 06-Mar-2017 06-Mar-2017 06-Mar-2017 06-Mar-2017 06-Mar-2017	20:17 21:04 22:09 22:55 23:51 02:05 02:46 04:27 05:40 07:32	17P4743594 17P4743635 17P4745259 17P4745022 17P4746425 17P4745039 17P4745266 17P4745273 17P4745273 17P4745699 17P4748575	CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP CAP	18.3 18.8 16.9 17.6 16.0 14.7 12.7 13.6 14.1 11.1

If patients' CBG results cannot be found in CMS. It may be due to

- 1. blood glucose testing was not done successfully
- 2. wrong patient's barcode was used in testing
- 3. result has not been uploaded at the docking station

New Enhancement NOVA Statstrip Glucose Connectivity Meter

Uploading of CBG data via Hosp Wifi to CMS - not a must via docking station

New Enhancement

2. Availability of POCT glucose results at ePR during IPMOE



Drug Admin by Pati	ent X											
Cancel	0	🕭 PREI	PARE DI	RUG 0			Patient Ve	rification		14	/03/202	3 13:00
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INFUSION	14/Mar - -	Sodiun	n Chlori Jous IV	de 0.9% infusion: 5	00 mL over 8 Ho	ur(s) Q8H						
ORAL	14/Mar - -	Famoti oral: 20	dine (PE) mg BD	PCIDINE)	tablet							
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				INR			1.2		13/03/	2023 17:21		
				Platelet			681 H x1	0^9/L	13/03/	2023 17:21		
Given by: IP, MOE SAFETY	(MED)	Check	ed by Counte	ersign	Scan Q	R Code			No. of due / overdue remaining:	0	Proc	eed 🕨

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INJECTION	04/May Ir - < - I	nfluenza (Vaxigriptetra) Special Drug> * M: 0.5 mL once for 1 DC	2023/2024 Campa	aign vaccine				
INJECTION	09/May	Insulin Aspart Human A 100 U/mL <special drug<br="">SC bolus: 18 unit(s) bei SC bolus: 16 unit(s) bei SC bolus: 12 unit(s) bei SC bolus: 12 unit(s) bei</special>	Analog (NOVORAP > * fore breakfast and fore lunch and fore dinner	ID) flexpen	1200 🗹 1800 🚺	0700 🖌 1200 🖌 1800 🕒	0700 1200 1800	
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New Enhancement – link to eVital

Contour Plus Elite

 not applicable to NTEC as using NOVA

Link between glucometer and eVital system

Bluetooth connectivity

V: Avoid manual input, reduce transcription error & workload



NOVA Statstrip meter

• linked up to eVital ~ 4Q 2024

SAG (endocrinology) - eVital alert
 - CBG glucose <4 mmol/l & ≥15 mmol/l</pre>

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Quality Assurance Programme (1)

Internal Quality Test



- All actively-in-use BGAs: at least once daily.
- non-daily-use BGAs: once before use.

Repeat QC test if:

- $\checkmark\,$ QC testing results is out of the acceptable range
- ✓ a new bottle/pack of test strips is used
- ✓ The BGA is dropped
- ✓ accuracy of CBG result is questioned
- $\checkmark\,$ Change of batteries of BGA

QC Tests with Glucose Control Solutions

- Clearly mark an open & discard date for all opened control solution / test strips
- NOVA control solution (3 mths) / Contour Plus Elite (6 mths)
- NOVA Statstrip Strips have to be used within 6 months after first opening
- Contour Plus Elite strip till expiry date once opened



- > Do not use the solution sol. / strips past discard date / expiry date printed on the label
- > In order to min. crystallizing of glucose on the tip of control solution, when apply glucose solutions control
- Shake the control solution well according to manufacturer's claim

Contour Plus / Elite - shake well about 15 times

- NOVA strat gently mix well
- Discard the first drop and wipe off the dispenser tip to prevent contamination
- Squeeze the vial and produce another drop then apply
- Wipe the tip of the dropper again before recap

How to apply control solution to the tip of the test strips?

OR







Apply a drop of control solution on the top of a clean lid of the control solution bottle



Ensure the meter is placed on a downwards / horizontal level when applying control solution





Blood or control solution dripping into the port causes damaging the meter



A NOVA Statstrip Glucose Connectivity Meter costs ~ \$7000

Quality Assurance Programme(2)

External Quality control Test



- Treat as patient's blood glucose testing, perform internal QC test first, then external QC
- External QC control solutions are supplied by PWH Department of Chemical Pathology monthly
- Report QC results on line

If external QC test failed will receive a pair of fresh specimens from Dept of Chem Path for repeating the test

Reasons of Out of Control Testing

Check Item	Possible problems
Operator skills	improper technique
Test strip	deteriorated test strips such as expired / uncapped bottles / broken foil wrap
Control solutions	expired / deteriorated
BGA	 BGA malfunction Non-calibrated BGA

Action: Repeat QC test

if still fail → change BS strip / control solutions / meter ???
which one should be changed first ??
Change control solution firstas low cost

How to report external QC results / register a new BS meter (by link nurses) in the NTEC POCT web?

Gen	eral System	Protected System (Individual User ID and Password is needed)											
[Clinical]	[Admin]		[CI	inical]		[Adn	nin]						
Chemwatch DB	Dr. Eye Dictionary	CDA	RS	NRS	24	4-hours HOIT Call	Ø	👂 e-LeaveEnquiry					
Common Loc	EPRL	Dr. On	PWH I	Pager Enquiry by Dr.Code	n	331 UMS	Ű						
CUHK Paediatrics	ESD	l En	ndo -	DAS Mam Information		4 User ID Enquiry	6	GCRS-SRE					
Guidelines	e-HR	eDas	hboard	POCT-EQAPS		ADS	C	P GMS					
Doctors' Work	e-Learning	eP	R	OTMS		PWH SH	C	iConT					
FCPath iHOME		Fit Test B System	Booking (FTBS)	OTPLUS		AMS-MM	C	iCQI					
ECRI	IT e-KB	Handhygier	ne On-line	O & T Scoliosis System	m C(CE Corner Admin	C	iLearn					
e-KG	Individual Leave	Qui	iz	SESAS	Ø	CLIP	C	iGP					
Easy Link 醫社通	Balance Enquiry	HA A	IRS			CMMS	C	P iPPG					
Health Informatics	PWH SCH SH TPH	HA PRI	RS v2		AI PW	HNH BBH NDH /H SCH SH TPI	н	MEP					
iDrug	PWH Green Hospital	HA CH	-MS		0	CSRS		MICC					
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		л	IEC-EQ	Testing Glucor	neter			·			User Name: Kit Man LOO	User Id: (lkm254)	
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			Result	reporting for th	he curr	rent month	has	closed. Please	e report QC	data be	etween 1 st – 18 th of eac	h month.	



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Department Medicine & Therapeutics					ics 🗸]				
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GA Model StatSt			StatStri	p 🗸						
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PWH	M&T	DMEC		572	Nova Biomedical	StatStrip	196027320197	2021/02/19	<u>edit</u>	delete
PWH	M&T	DMEC		573	Nova Biomedical	StatStrip	196042420216	2024/05/20	<u>edit</u>	delete
PWH	M&T	DMEC	674		Nova Biomedical	StatStrip	196026120197	2024/05/20	edit	delete



Management for NOVA /Contour Plus Elite Glucometer Breakdown

Arrangement for NOVA Glucometer Breakdown

Notify Vendor (BioAsia) (by phone / CM) for inspection

- ➢ If beyond repair BioAsia may arrange one-for-one replacement →update EAM record accordingly.
- For urgent situation, → on-loan glucometer can be borrowed from the laboratory during non-office hours using loan form.

Arrangement for Contour Plus Elite Glucometer Breakdown

Notify Vendor (Ascensia) (by CM) for inspection (Asset number is A/V)

6. Problem Shooting

- Technical support for Nova StatStrip Glucose Meter:
 - Bio-Asia emergency contact telephone number: 27870906

- Technical support for Contour Plus Glucose Meter:
 - Ricky Wong telephone number: 81004792
 - Vicky Tang telephone number: 98269221
 - Customer Hotline telephone number: 81006386

Management of purchasing Contour Plus Elite (replacement / new service)

Management for Contour Plus Elite Glucometer Breakdown

- EAM asset number will be assigned to each meter & periodic preventive maintenance will be arranged
- once breakdown send usual EAM repair
- If beyond repair & condemnation is needed. Please seek approval from POCT Committee for replacing a new blood glucose meter by filling the application form

(35))	New Te	rritories I	East Clust	ter			FORM/POCT/	APPLI
	PRINCE	OF WALES	HOSPITA	L			Version	n: 2.0
Applicatio	on for l	Endorse	ement	and A	cquisiti	on of POCT	Device/Equipment	
PART A (To b	e comple	ted by the	e applicar	nt)				
From:					то:	Chairman, NT Committee	C POCT Coordinating	
Departmen	t:				Tel:			
1. Quantit	y, locatio	n and de	scription	of POCT	device re	quested		
2. Estimat	ed cost (To be borr	ne by Dep	oartment)			
(a) Unit cos	st HK\$:				Т	otal cost HK\$:		
(b) Cost of	connectio	on to LIS,	e.g. serve	er, ports	etc., if any	/ HK\$:		
(c) Estimate	ed cost o	f consuma	ables per	annum I	HK\$:			
3. Purpose	e							
For R	eplaceme	ent (Comp	olete Sect	tion 4)				
A 🗌	dditional	item(s) (Complete	e Section	5)			
- N	ew item(s) (Comp	ete Secti	on 6)				
4. For Rep	lacemen	t						
Details of P	OCT devi	ce to be r	eplaced:					
(a) EAM no	and loca	ation:						
(b) Date of	purchase	(if availa	ble):					
(c) Breakdo	own frequ	ency in t	ne past 1	2 month	s:			
5. For Add	litional it	em(s)						
(a) Number	r of existi	ng POCT (levice(s)	with sim	ilar functi	ons:		

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Strategies of Risk Reduction of Infection Transmission to patients during point of care testing

- multi-use vials was found to have a contamination rate from 25.7%¹ & 45%² respectively
- Meter contamination was ~ 30.2% ³
- hand hygiene and change of gloves between patient for each testing / during taking strips from vials to minimize the contamination of glucose test strips
- effective meter cleaning and disinfection for every testing event







1. Vanhaeren, S., Duport, C., Magneney, M., Dumé, L., Dumenil, A. S., Doucet-Populaire, F., & Decousser, J. W. (2011). Bacterial contamination of glucose test strips: not to be neglected. American journal of infection control, 39(7), 611-613.

2. Pérez-Ayala, M., Oliver, P., & Cantalejo, F. R. (2013). Prevalence of bacterial contamination of glucose test strips in individual single-use packets versus multi-use vials.

3 Geaghan, S. M. (2014). Infection transmission associated with point of care testing and the laboratory's role in risk reduction. EJIFCC, 25(2), 188.

Content

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- Information about the new tendered BGAs
- Factors affecting the accuracy of capillary blood glucose testing and the preventive measures
- skills in the operation and performing internal quality control testing of the blood glucose analyzers with or without connectivity functions
- > Tips on performing capillary blood glucose measurements
- Alternate site / method for glucose testing

What to do if patient has finger tip injury and blood sampling from finger tip is inaccessible?



Alternate Site Testing of Blood Glucose

Alternate site refers to testing blood glucose on parts of the body other than the fingertip

Alternate sites:

- Forearm
- Upper arm
- Base of the thumb
- Thigh
- Calf



http://diabetesdigest.com/glucose-monitoringalternate-site/

Alternate Site Testing of Blood Glucose (Limitation)

Alternate site testing may not be as accurate as fingerstick testing, particularly when blood glucose levels are changing rapidly.

 Lag time in the flow of blood to sites other than the hands, such as the forearm and thigh. Although the lag time is short, it can cause blood test results to be less accurate when blood glucose levels are changing rapidly.





https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/home-health-and-consumer-devices/home-healthcare-medical-devicesblood-glucose-meters-getting-most-out-your-meter

Alternate Site Testing of Blood Glucose (FDA's general advice)

Use alternate sites when blood glucose levels are steady:

- Before meals/food intake
- 2 hours after meals/food intake

Do not use alternate sites to check blood glucose under these conditions when blood glucose levels are changing rapidly:

- suspect the blood glucose is low
- after exercising vigorously
- during an illness

Not all the BGAs are compatible with alternate site testing. Please consult diabetes nurses or endocrinologists should alternate site for glucose testing is required for hospitalized patients

https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/home-health-and-consumer-devices/home-healthcare-medical-devices-blood-glucose-meters-getting-most-out-your-meter

Continuous Glucose Monitoring System

CGM - measure the glucose level within interstitial fluid



Physiological lag time between sensor glucose up to 15 min

Common Continuous Glucose Monitoring System

Abbott Freestyle Libre	Dexcom G7 (real-time)	Medtronic Guardian 4 (real-time)
	Ener devce sold separately	Nettronic

transmitter link to the sensor

Last for 14 days	Last for 10 days	Last for 7 days
 ~\$599 (sensor) ~\$550 (reader) or Data is transmitted to smart phone / reader 	 ~\$620 (Sensor) Data is transmitted to smart phone / montior 	 ~\$585 to \$780 (Sensor) + cost of transmitter Data is transmitted to smart phone / reader

Abbott Freestyle Libre Arrow Trend

血糖箭咀可預測未來15分鐘的血糖

1	急速上升,超過1.5mmol/L度
7	輕微上升約 1.0 至1.5mmol/L
\rightarrow	變化少於1.0 mmol/L
K	輕微下降約 1.0 至1.5mmol/L
↓	急速下降,超過1.5mmol/L度





DMEC performs spot paired test at DM nurse clinic - if arrow displays →





Recommendations for Continuation of Home CGMs After Hospitalization (1)

Should the CGMs could be kept

- ➢ if the patient is alert and can self manage the BS monitoring
- data from CGMs could be supplement to capillary blood glucose (CBG) to guide DM Mx but could not replace CBG testing in wards
- nurses / patient could use trend arrows to prevent extreme BS excursions (hypo- or hyperglycaemia) and to determine if confirmatory BG test with meter is required
- aware of interferences / factors affecting the accuracy of sensor data
- Document sensor "on & off day " and provide finger prick for calibration if necessary

Recommendations for Continuation of Home CGMs After Hospitalization (2)

- The CGM should be removed if the patient is
- not smart and couldn't self manage especially remove the sensor when it is due
- > requiring surgery, procedure, radiation therapy, or diagnostic imaging
- having significant oedema / poor tissue perfusion / treated with vasoactive agents (such as adrenaline / dopamine) may affect the accuracy

notify relative if removed is needed, save the whole sensor piece and return to the patient

Recommendations from NTEC Diabetes Service Committee NTEC DM link nurse training 2021

Summary of International Guidelines on the Use of CGM in the Hospital

Special situations and cautions

- Interference affecting the accuracy of sensor glucose (Hydroxyurea, Acetaminophen, Ascorbic acid)
- Radiology remove when having CT, radiotherapy, MRI
- Situations with rapidly changing glucose levels and fluid/electrolyte shifts (hyper- or hypoglycaemia)
- Patients with poor tissue perfusion (BP <100 mmHg, hyper- or hypo-thermia, volume depletion) or using vasoactive agents (adrenaline / dopamine)
- Individual capable to use the device safely and independently
- Always confirmed with POC therapy should be adjusted and hypoglycemia (BG <3.9 mmol/l) should be confirmed with hospital-calibrated glucose meters</p>
- > With proper institutional protocols not yet A/V in HA

^{1.} Zelada, H., Perez-Guzman, M. C., Chernavvsky, D. R., & Galindo, R. J. (2023). Continuous glucose monitoring for inpatient diabetes management: an update on current evidence and practice. Endocrine Connections, 12(10).

^{2.} Care, D. (2024). 16. Diabetes Care in the Hospital: Standards of Care in Diabetes —. Diabetes Care, 47(1), S295-S306.

Teaching materials



Point-of-Care Testing Policy in NTEC Department of Chemical Pathology, Prince of Wales Hospital, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong.

Blood Glucose

- 1. BGA Operator Certification Workflow
- 2. Teaching Materials & Video

All training materials

3. Protocols / Internal QC Record / Audit Form

Link nurse nomination form

NTEC Point-of-Care Glucose Testing – Connected Glucometer Access Right Application Form

- 4. Quiz (at NTEC iLearn)
- 5. NTEC POCT External Quality Programme
- 6. Problem Shooting

iChemPath – POCT



Take home message

- Proper storage of blood glucose strips :tightly capped / intact foil wrap
- Note the expiry / use before date of all opened control solutions/ strips
- All actively-in-use BGAs: perform internal QC daily.
- Non-active BGAs: right before patients' blood glucose test
- hand hygiene and change of gloves between patients for each testing / during taking strips out from the vials to minimize the contamination of glucose test strips
- effective meter cleaning
- Correct skill of blood sampling for CBG measurement
- Always observe patient's clinical picture whether matched with the POCT BS findings
- Caution on the limitations of BGAs check plasma glucose for double confirm if necessary
- Caution if alternate site / continuous glucose monitoring is used for in-patients

On-site QC skill assessment

BGA link nurse

- select the meter used the in the parent ward
- ➢ pair up ➡ either hi- or lo level of QC
- Registered after completion of the QC test
- Perform evaluation

Teaching staff

- Complete MCQ (Nova StatStrip & Contour Plus Elite)
- > pair up > performs either hi- or lo level of QC for NOV







Module B (Nurses)



Module D (Care-related Support Workers (e.g: PCA, EA))

Module B (Nurses)

These training materials are for browsing only. [No assessment can be done.] If you need to conduct the assessment after the browsing of the materials, please login via the "individual portal" in the iLearn cover page.

POCT BGA Operator Quiz



